



PORTLAND TRAGEDY

Husband Shoots Wife's Male Visitor.

NO SHOW FOR HIS LIFE

Without a Word the Husband Begins Firing on Meeting the Two Together.

VICTIM SHOT THREE TIMES

George Herbert, a musician of Walla Walla, lies in hospital with no chance of recovery—C. H. Reynolds, the jealous husband, is in jail.

PORTLAND, June 19.—In what appears to have been a fit of jealousy, C. H. Reynolds, proprietor of a bath house, in this city, this afternoon shot and probably fatally wounded George Herbert, a musician who arrived here yesterday from Walla Walla. The shooting occurred at the Reynolds' Hotel, 186 Fourteenth street. From what can be gathered from a meager statement made by Reynolds, Mrs. Reynolds has been in correspondence with Herbert regarding musical matters for a year or more. Last night Herbert called at the Reynolds' house and was refused admission. About 2 o'clock this afternoon, Reynolds says his 10-year-old son called him up by phone and at Mrs. Reynolds' instructions told him that she could not come to Reynolds' establishment, as she had promised. Reynolds rushed home, meeting Herbert mother who was going for a short walk in the park and the little fellow thought something was wrong. Reynolds rushed home, meeting Herbert mother and Mrs. Reynolds leaving the house. Without a word, the husband drew a revolver and commenced shooting. Herbert attempted to hide behind the woman but she darted into the house. Reynolds then shot Herbert three times in the abdomen. The latter, although mortally wounded, ran nearly a half mile to a drug store, whence he was taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital. It is stated at the hospital that he cannot survive the night.

SCHOOL OF WHALES.

Atlas Liner Followed by School of Whales Off Delaware Capes.

NEW YORK, June 19.—The Atlas liner Virginia, which has arrived in port from the West Indies, had an odd experience with whales on her way up the coast, according to Captain Felix Zack and the passengers.

Jogging along through a moderate swell, the Virginia came across a school of 25 whales 30 miles off the Delaware capes. First the school was sighted not more than a mile away and as the steamship passed, they turned and followed in her wake. They were in back and ranged in length from 80 feet, the apparent size of the leader to 40 feet to the length of the smaller members in the rear guard.

ITALY TO PROTEST.

Has Ordered Man of War To Go To Guatemala.

MEXICO CITY, June 19.—An Italian man of war has been ordered from New Orleans to Guatemalan ports according to a report received here. It was further stated that the Italian government had instructed its minister to make vigorous representations to the Guatemalan government in the case of two

Italians who are among the nineteen men originally condemned to death in the alleged complicity in the assassination of President Cabrera on April 26, 1905. It is now being now sentenced to imprisonment.

OLD BOATS THE BEST.

Last Years Boats Defeat New Ones on Tryout.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., June 19.—In the three races held yesterday for the selection of three yachts to represent this country in Germany and Spain, two of the last years boats were pitted against five yachts built this year. The old boats won all three races.

The Spokane II, owned by Vice-Commodore Lewis Clark, which reached the semi-finals last year, took both the windward and leeward races today while the Sally VIII, one of the first to be rejected a year ago, won the third event over a triangular course.

NEW PRESIDENTIAL ISSUE.

Man Who Announces For Office in 1908, Must Be Roosevelt Man.

KANSAS CITY, June 19.—Harry S. New, chairman of the Republican National Committee, discussing the campaign of 1908, informally said:

"The country is not going back to silver. A new issue must be found. That issue will be Theodore Roosevelt. The man who announces for office in 1908 must be a Roosevelt supporter. Those who have been criticizing the President for his handiwork in various equilibria in 1908. They will be beaten long before the country goes to the polls."

CARNEGIE PRESENTED.

BERLIN, June 19.—Andrew Carnegie will be presented to the Kaiser at the regatta opening tomorrow by Ambassador Tower, who will go to Kiel today.

A SUICIDE PACT

Unusual Case in New York Criminal History.

MAN'S COURAGE FAILED HIM

Husband Shot Pretty Young Wife After She Had Committed Suicide With Illuminating Gas Not Knowing of Her Action—His Courage Failed Him.

NEW YORK, June 19.—James Wardell yesterday confessed to Corcoran, Acertelli, and Assistant District Attorney Manley, that in furtherance of a suicide pact he shot his wife at her flat in West 95th Street. Wardell did not know that an autopsy had disclosed the fact that his wife was dead when he fired the bullet into her brain. Inhaling illuminating gas had caused her death.

Wardell's admission has added something unusual if not unprecedented to the annals of crime in this city. Just what charge will be based upon his acknowledgment of an intent to kill the coroner has not been known. Mrs. Wardell, who was 19 years old, was strikingly attractive, was found dead Monday night. Wardell told the police that his wife had shot herself after the two agreed to die together. His courage failed him when the time came for self destruction.

BROKER PLEADS GUILTY.

NEW YORK, June 19.—O. M. Dennet, the broker, who was arrested on the charge of the theft of more than a half million dollars from the Trust Company of America, pleaded guilty today to the charge of receiving stolen goods. The theft of the bonds was made at various times by William O. Douglass, the loan clerk, who is awaiting trial.

KLAMATH LAKE WRECK.

YREKA, Cal., June 19.—As a train on the Klamath Lake Railroad was descending the steep grade at Thrall, today, the engineer lost control of the reverse lever and a bad wreck ensued. There were many passengers on the train, five of whom were injured. They were: Charles E. Wallace, Grant's Pass; Miss A. T. Turner, Portland; Walter Niernon, Portland, and R. N. Harmon, Portland.

GODDARD TESTIFIES

Tells of Discovery of Orchard Bomb.

STATE SCORES POINT

Secured Further Admissions Corroborating Orchard's Testimony.

MAGAZINE ARTICLES ADMITTED

Judge Wood Overruled Defense and Admitted Parts of Articles From Miners' Magazine—Goddard Tells of Preservation and Discovery of Bomb

BOISE, June 19.—The state today made a dramatic production and proof of the Goddard bomb and besides offering further corroboration of Orchard's testimony, secured the ruling under which a number of denunciatory articles published in the Miner's magazine, the official organ of the Western Federation of Miners, will be admitted as evidence.

To Justice Luther M. Goddard, himself, fell the task of telling the story of finding and preservation for use as evidence the bomb, with which Orchard tried to kill him. The veteran jurist testified that the first information he received about the bomb came to him from Orchard's confession, which was shown to him at Denver, February 13, 1906, by Detective McFarland. He at once returned to his home and in his gate discovered the screw eye which Orchard said he placed there. The witness said he examined the ground outside of the gate where Orchard said he had placed the bomb and found a slight depression with the soil packed very hard around it. The bomb was dug up the next day by General Bulkley Wells, who using his pocket knife, cut the soil away and raised the pine box containing the bomb. There was a small phial on top of the box and attached to the rubber cork of the phial was a piece of rusted wire. The bomb and its attachments were at once taken to the office of the Pinkerton detective agency and carefully sealed in wrappers and envelopes, that were signed by half a dozen witnesses, including Judge Goddard, and were afterwards placed in a vault. To the door of which five seals, including that of a notary were attached. There they rested until the following May, when believing the Haywood case was to come to trial they were removed in the presence of the same witnesses and all save three of the forty sticks of giant powder contained in the bomb were exploded. The explosions occurred in the presence of the witnesses at a point in the suburbs of Denver and the bomb itself, 12 giant caps and two wrappers torn from the sticks were saved as evidence. Senator Borah produced the several packets and commencing with the phial passed them to Justice Goddard who broke the seals and identified the articles.

Attorneys Richardson and Darrow for the defense objected to all of the evidence and all the exhibits moved to strike out everything, but the court ruled against them all along the line. Mrs. Seward, at whose home in San Francisco, he lived, during a part of the time he was conducting the operations against Fred Bradley, gave evidence strongly corroborating Orchard's account of his acts and experiences in San Francisco. Besides confirming Orchard's recital as to the time, movements and locations, she testified that she found lead and wood shavings in Orchard's room and a screw eye, string and bottle attached to the closet door, where Orchard had been experimenting. She said her lodger had a very heavy suit case and she had made up her mind that he was an inventor.

John L. Stearns, the agent, at Denver, of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., confirmed the story told by Orchard about securing employment as a solicitor for the company before he went to Canyon City to kill ex-Governor Pea-

body and produced the letters of recommendation, which Orchard furnished. One was from Pettibone, another was signed by Horace N. Pawkins, and it gave Orchard, then traveling under the name of Thomas Hogan, a very strong endorsement as to character. Riley Harris, who worked for Roach, the plumber who made the lead casing for the Peabody bomb, told of the call of Orchard, at Roach's shop, in Denver in May, 1906, and the making of the casing and delivery of the article to Orchard whom the witness identified. The morning session was devoted to arguing the admissibility of the articles published in the Miners' Magazine. Judge Wood after taking the noon recess, to examine the articles decided to let certain portions of the articles go before the jury and will tomorrow decide which of the rest are to be admitted and which are to be excluded.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Kentucky Convention Prefers a Roosevelt Candidate.

LOUISVILLE, June 19.—The Republicans of Kentucky in the state convention, tonight selected Augustus E. Wilson of Louisville as candidate for Governor and adopted a platform without a dissenting vote. The contest between the adherents of Vice-President Fairbanks and Secretary Taft in the committee was warm, but there was but one report, naming no candidate and merely expressing a preference for a candidate who would faithfully carry out the President's policy.

GROVER CLEVELAND ILL.

Ex-President Has Been Seriously Ill But Crisis Is Now Past.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Advice from Princeton, today, state that ex-President Grover Cleveland has been seriously ill at his home there for some days and for some time his family and friends have been much alarmed. Mr. Cleveland it is said, has now passed the crisis.

SHIPPING MONOPOLY

Interstate Commerce Commission to Investigate.

RAILROADS AND SHIP COMPANY

It Is Asserted That Hamburg-American Packet Company Has Built Up Complete Monopoly On Freight Business From Middle West To Europe.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The interstate commerce commission today decided to institute a proceeding of inquiry and investigation into the affairs of the Hamburg-American Packet Company which is charged by Peter Wright & Sons, general agents at Philadelphia, of the Cosmopolitan Shipping Company and the Cosmopolitan lines, with pooling and maintaining monopolies in the restraint of trade. The inquiry is expected to be one of the most stupendous ever undertaken and of a character different from any that has ever before been engaged the attention of the commission. The inquiry will have to deal with an alleged combination between the railroads in the United States and the German shipping concern, and therefore interests every American manufacturer and shipper, desiring to introduce his goods to foreign consumers. According to the complaint, the Hamburg-American Packet Company has built up a complete monopoly of all east-bound traffic, originating in Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis and Kansas City and other points intended for interior points on the continent of Europe.

AN ANARCHIST.

One of Cuban Delegates to the Hague is a Red.

NAPLES, June 19.—A statement in the Paris Temps that General Ferrera, one of the Cuban delegates to the Hague, is an anarchist, has caused great interest here. Ferrera is a Neapolitan and as a student had a somewhat turbulent record. He was affiliated with the radicals and was arrested several times. When the Cuban revolution broke out he joined the revolutionists. Ferrera became a general and married a Miss Sanchez. It is considered by those who know him here, that he is not an anarchist.

CONVENTION "PACKED"

Trouble in Public Lands Convention.

SQUABBLE OVER VOTES

Both Sides Declared That Men Who Were Not Delegates Had Been Seated.

COMMITTEE INVESTIGATES

When the Credential Committee Reported, Colorado Was Found To Have 396 Delegates, Wyoming Had 145, While All Other States Had Scarcely 100.

DENVER, June 19.—A sensation was sprung in the Public Lands Convention today by charges made by both the administration and the anti-administration forces that the convention was being packed. The anti-administration charged that the number of men who were not properly accredited delegates had been given seats. An order was made, to issue new cards of admission and to see that only genuine delegates received them. When the committee on credentials reported, it was found that 476 delegates were credited to Colorado, 145 to Wyoming and the balance of the states, scarcely 100. Colorado's representation was later cut to 396, it being stated that the first figures were in error. It developed that all of Colorado's delegates, whether present or not, had been counted while in the case of the other states, only those present were allowed to vote. A report was sent back to the committee, with instructions to bring in its report according to the call of the convention. The committee will be heard the first thing in the morning and if it obeys its instructions it will give a vote for every person whose credentials have been sent to the convention, whether they are present or not. This afternoon, Representative Mondel was the principal speaker had been assigned on the program the subject of 'The Government as a Landlord.' He traced the various steps taken of late leading in the direction of government landlordism and characterized President Roosevelt's proposition, 'To provide for the government control of the public pasture lands of the west on the same general principles which now apply in the government control of the forest reserves,' as the most tremendous and sweeping grant of arbitrary power and authority ever proposed to be granted in time of peace to an executive officer of the government."

In concluding, Congressman Mondel said: "The necessity for any radical departure from the past policy of gradually putting public lands into the hands of individuals is strongly denied by many of those who have had the widest experience and who insist that any changes that may occur in our laws affecting government lands should be in the direction of making possible the acquisition of somewhat larger areas of land, fit only, or principally for grazing, as we have done by the section homestead and the three quarter section isolated tract law in Western Nebraska."

"To encourage private ownership of land has been our policy from the beginning. Our people are not inclined to look with much greater favor on government than on private landlordism. The western states were admitted into the Union with the understanding that the public lands were, by passing into private ownership, to become taxable. If the system of permanent government ownership and control is to be established, we must fundamentally readjust our fiscal policy so as to support our commonwealths from other sources than the taxation of lands. We must change our views relative to land ownership and depend for our growth in population and wealth not upon individual land ownership, but on a system of tenantry, at the will of the agent

of a federal landlord. If it is proposed to do this we should enter upon the enterprise with full knowledge of what it means. If the federal government is to be invited to permanently control, particularly, where that control is not limited by provisions of law, we should understand the possibilities of such control, how far reaching and fundamental its effect may be in changing the character of our institutions and the condition of our people. For myself, I am inclined to the belief that our people will not, when fully informed, lend their favor to such change of national policy being pursued that will invite settlement and development, encourage the home builders and develop our waste places for the habitation of an independent home owning citizenship."

WAR TALK IS SILLY.

Vice-Minister of Finance Says Japan Has Only Regard for U. S.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Reiziro Wabuki, vice-minister of finance of Japan, who is now in the city studying financial conditions, had this to say yesterday of the attitude of his people in America:

"Respect and love for the American people and admiration for American ideals of government is a tradition of the Japanese race. It is a feeling that will be strengthened with the passing years. To my mind the future of Japan and the United States lie along harmonious paths. Talk of war between the United States and Japan is worse than absurd. It is silly."

ANTI-JAPANESE SENTIMENT.

SAN JOSE, Cal., June 19.—The labor organizations in this city threaten to vote against the proposition to bond the city for \$175,000 to improve the fire department and Alum Rock Park, unless the Japanese tea garden in the park is removed. The commissioners have taken the matter under advisement.

OPERATORS STRIKE

Strike Will be Declared Within Ten Days.

TELEGRAPHERS' ULTIMATUM

It Is Not Thought That a General Strike Bill Be Called But That One of the Large Offices Will Go Out First—Entire Matter in President Small's Hands

NEW YORK, June 19.—Unless its demands upon the Western Union and the Postal Telegraph Companies receive consideration, a strike will be declared within a week or ten days, was the announcement made today by the Commercial Telegraphers' Union. No specific date for the expiration of their ultimatum was set by the telegraphers and the question of involving one or both companies was left open. The announcement of the intended strike was made in the form of a statement given out by Vice-President Koenekamp, who also stated that the entire matter was now in the hands of President Small. When or when the first strike will be called will not be given out at this time.

The language of the announcement is construed to mean that no general strike is at present contemplated but that the men will be called out in some one of the large offices, to be followed by a series of local strikes elsewhere.

FRISCO ATTORNEYS CONFER.

Could Not Agree On Stipulation of Facts Before Impaneling of Grand Jury.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—A conference was held today by the attorneys for the prosecution and those representing the United Railroads, San Francisco Gas & Electric Co., and the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph Company for the purpose of agreeing on a stipulation of facts which occurred at the time of the impaneling of the grand jury. The statement drawn up by the prosecution was not acceptable to the defense and the matter was continued until tomorrow.

PROMINENT SPANIARD DEAD.

MADRID, June 19.—Senor Muro, a former minister and head of the Republican minority in the Chamber is dead.